

THE TABERNACLE

Holiness of God



Holiness

Holy means "separated" or "devoted."

God removed his people from Egypt; now He was removing Egypt from the people.

He was showing them how to exchange Egyptian ways of living and thinking for His ways.

Though we do not observe all the worship practices of Israel, we are to have the same spirit of preparation and devotion.

THE TABERNACLE

1. Worship from Adam to Aaron..01.07.07
2. Where we meet God.....08.07.07
3. Enter His Gates.....15.07.07
4. The Holy Place.....22.07.07
5. Enter His Presence.....29.07.07
6. Ministers to the Lord.....05.08.07
7. **The Debt of Sin.....12.08.07**
8. The Devotion of Surrender.....19.08.07
9. Positioning for Worship.....26.08.07
10. False Worship.....30.08.07
11. True Worship.....02.09.07
12. Christ, Our High Priest.....09.09.07



Review of last week lesson

MINISTERS TO THE LORD

1. The Priestly Appointment
2. The Priestly Apparel
3. The Priestly Activity
4. The Priestly Atonement



The Priestly Appointment

1. The priests were called to minister to the Lord , not to people. Exodus 28:1
2. It is a calling from God, appointed on behalf of man, to" deal gently with the ignorant and misguided. (Hebrews 5:1-4)



Turban with gold plate

ONYX Stones

Breastplate with urim and thummim

EPHOD

Sash

Robe

Tunic

The Priestly Activity

“Keep the Charge of the Lord”

Leviticus 8:35

- Overseeing the worship process.
- Trimming the lamps
- Burning the incense
- Arranging & dispensing the showbread
- Assigning respective duties to the Levites.

“Minister as priests to Me”

Exodus 28:1 & 29:44

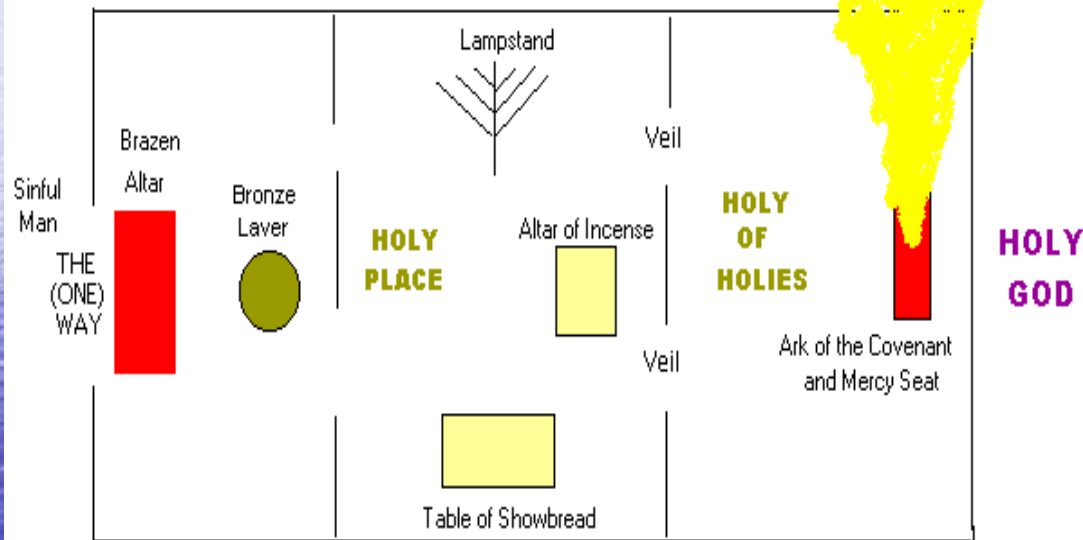
- Offer both gifts and sacrifices for sins.
- Deal gently with the ignorant and misguided.
- Teaching the people.

The Priestly Atonement

THE TABERNACLE

How Holy God Has A Relationship With Sinful Man

SHEKINAH CLOUD OF GLORY



Brazen Altar- The Cross of Christ

Laver- Sanctification

Table of Showbread- Christ is the Bread of Life

Lampstand- Christ is the Light of the World

Altar of Incense- Christ Our Intercessor

Ark of the Covenant- Christ is the Word Personified

Mercy Seat- Blood of Christ

Delivers from the Penalty and Power of Sin

The Day of
Atonement.
Leviticus 16:29-31.



THE DEBT OF SIN

Dealing with Sin God's Way



What is SIN?

The Greek word for "SIN" is hamartia, which means to miss the mark or to come short of the goal. It was used of a Greek archer coming short of his target. Sin is a choice that comes short of what God wants and fails to fulfill the command or reach the goal God has set. Such a choice is an offense to God.

THE DEBT OF SIN

1. Dealing with Sin
2. Make it Right
3. The Sin Offering on the day of Atonement
4. Jesus, The Lord's Servant, Our Guilt Offering



Dealing with Sin.

The just penalty for any sin is death- Separation from God and from eternal life with God.

In His justice and mercy, God provided a way for sin's debt to be paid for or covered (atoned for).

It was through the death of a substitute. In God's revelation to Moses, The various offerings were established.

Dealing with SIN.

Theme	Explanation	Importance
Sacrifice/ Offering	There are five kinds of offerings that fulfill two main purposes: one to show praise, thankfulness, and devotion; the other for atonement, the covering and removal of guilt and sin. Animal offerings demonstrated that the person was giving his or her life to God by means of the life of the animal.	The sacrifices (offerings) were for worship and forgiveness of sin. Through them we learn about the cost of sin, for we see that we cannot forgive ourselves. God's system says that a life must be given for a life. In the Old Testament, an animal's life was given to save the life of a person. But this was only a temporary measure until Jesus' death paid the penalty of sin for all people forever.
Worship	Seven festivals were designated as religious and national holidays. They were often celebrated in family settings. These events teach us much about worshiping God in both celebration and quiet dedication.	God's rules about worship set up an orderly, regular pattern of fellowship with him. They allowed times for celebration and thanksgiving as well as for reverence and rededication. Our worship should demonstrate our deep devotion.

Dealing with SIN.

Offering	Purpose	Significance	Christ, the Perfect Offering
Burnt Offering (Lev. 1 —voluntary)	To make payment for sins in general	Showed a person's devotion to God	Christ's death was the perfect offering
Grain Offering (Lev. 2 —voluntary)	To show honor and respect to God in worship	Acknowledged that all we have belongs to God	Christ was the perfect man, who gave all of himself to God and others
Peace Offering (Lev. 3 —voluntary)	To express gratitude to God	Symbolized peace and fellowship with God	Christ is the only way to fellowship with God
Sin Offering (Lev. 4 —required)	To make payment for unintentional sins of uncleanness, neglect, or thoughtlessness	Restored the sinner to fellowship with God; showed seriousness of sin	Christ's death restores our fellowship with God
Guilt Offering (Lev. 5 —required)	To make payment for sins against God and others. A sacrifice was made to God, and the injured person was repaid or compensated	Provided compensation for injured parties	Christ's death takes away the deadly consequences of sin

The basic steps in the sin offering.

1. Recognize and admit they have sinned.
2. Brought an animal to the doorway of the tabernacle.
3. The transgressor placed his hands on the head of the animal.
4. Then the animal was killed.
5. The priest gathered some blood and took it into the Holy Place.
6. He took the fat portion and offered it on the bronze altar.
7. The remainder of the animal was then taken outside the camp to a clean place and be burned completely, symbolizing full judgment for sin.
8. Final word "shall be forgiven."

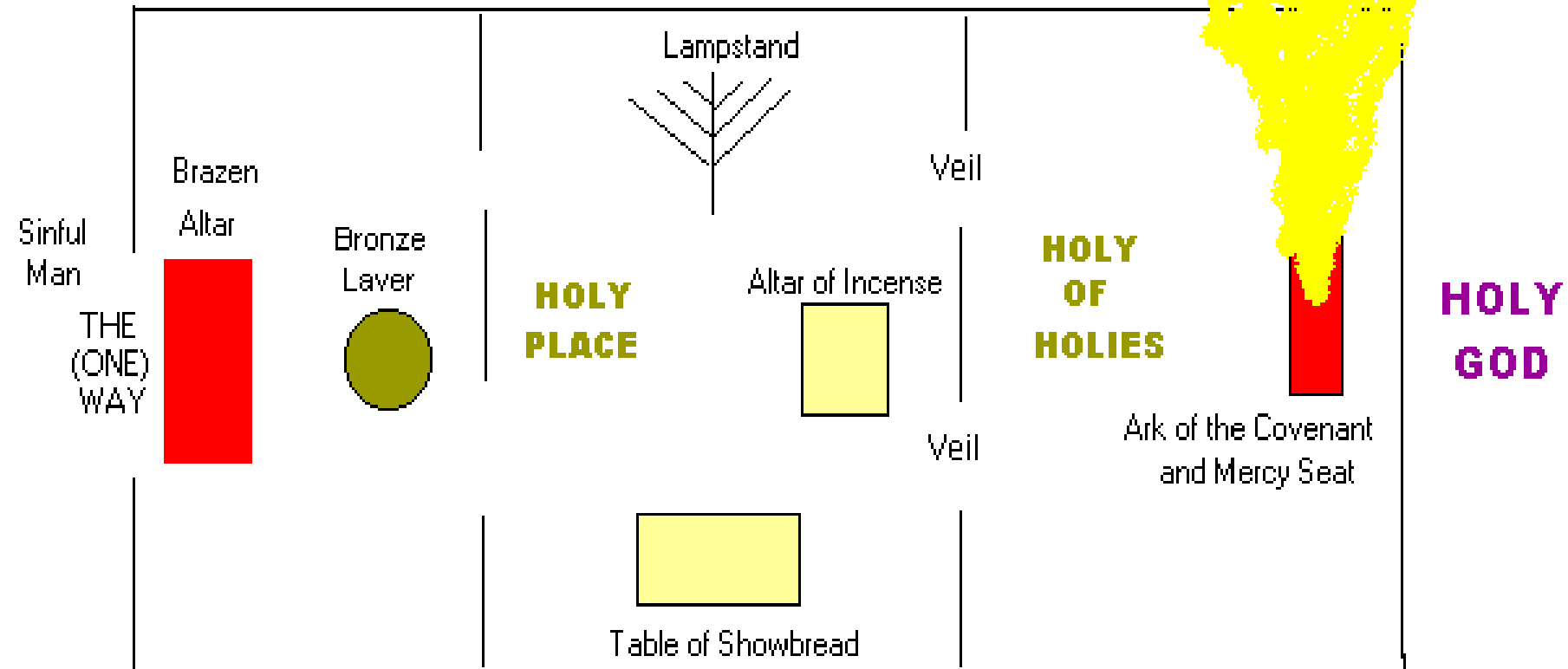


The Tabernacle

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**SHEKINAH CLOUD
OF GLORY**

How Holy God Has A Relationship With Sinful Man



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Delivers from the Penalty and Power of Sin

Make it Right.

The guilt offering was offered for sin against the "holy things" or for sin against a neighbor. God requires that the guilty one make it right. In addition a sacrifice, the guilty person was required to make restitution.

Ten offenses in Leviticus 5 & 6

1. Failure to testify...
2. Touching any unclean things
3. Touching any human uncleanness,
4. Swearing thoughtlessly
5. Sinning against the Lord's holy things
6. Deceiving someone.
7. Robbing someone
8. Extortion
9. Lying
10. Swearing falsely.

The seven festivals

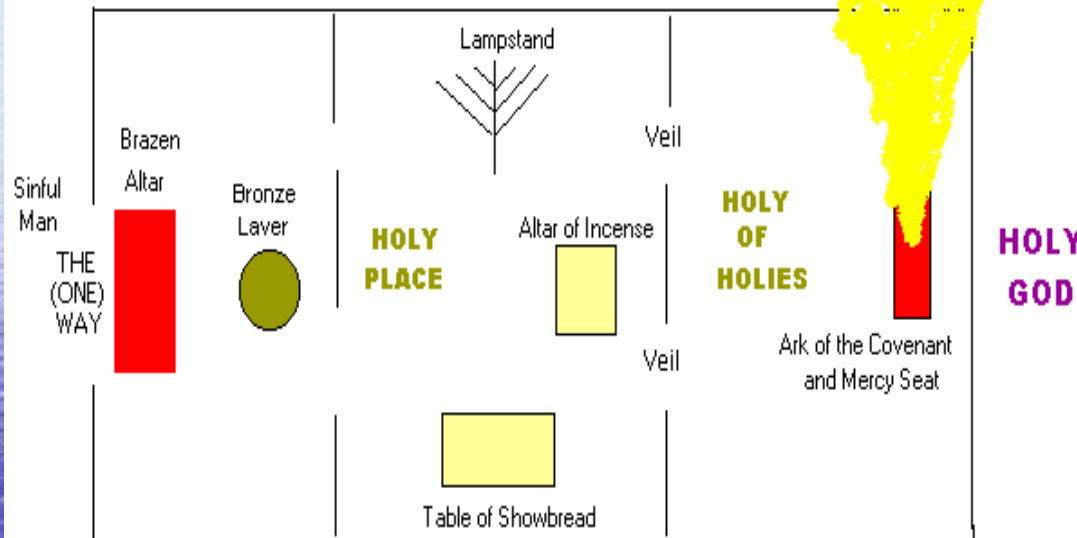
Festival	What It Celebrated	Its Importance
Passover One day (Leviticus 23:5)	When God spared the lives of Israel's firstborn children in Egypt and freed the Hebrews from slavery	Reminded the people of God's deliverance
Unleavened Bread Seven days (Leviticus 23:6-8)	The exodus from Egypt	Reminded the people they were leaving the old life behind and entering a new way of living
Firstfruits One day (Leviticus 23:9-14)	The first crops of the barley harvest	Reminded the people how God provided for them
Pentecost (Harvest) One day (Leviticus 23:15-22)	The end of the barley harvest and beginning of the wheat harvest	Showed joy and thanksgiving over the bountiful harvest
Trumpets One day (Leviticus 23:23-25)	The beginning of the seventh month (civil new year)	Expressed joy and thanksgiving to God
Day of Atonement One day (Leviticus 23:26-32)	The removal of sin from the people and the nation	Restored fellowship with God
Shelters Seven days (Leviticus 23:33-43)	God's protection and guidance in the wilderness	Renewed Israel's commitment to God and trust in his guidance and protection

The sin offerings on the Day of Atonement

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Leviticus 16:29-31.



Jesus, the Lord's servant, Our Guilt Offering

Read Isaiah 53:1-12

"Jesus , the Lamb of God, offered himself,
paying our debt in full to restore us to God
and to one another."

THE DEVOTION OF SURRENDER

Walking in the Joy of Surrender
to Jesus Christ



THE DEVOTION OF SURRENDER

The "Sweet Aroma" of the:

- Burnt offering
- Grain Offering & the Drink Offering
- Peace Offering
- Jesus, our "Sweet Aroma" Offering

